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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
09/554,708	07/31/00	GINOSAR		D L	_IT-PI-099
		IM22/0213	\neg	EXAMINER	
W GARY GOODSON				MEDLEY, M	
BECHTEL BWXT IDAHO				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PO BOX 1625 IDAHO FALLS ID 83415-3899				1714 DATE MAILED:	7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

02/13/01

Application No. Applicant(s) GINWAR exak Office Action Summary **Group Art Unit** Examiner —The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address— Period f r R ply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE WONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication . - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). **Status** ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on _______ ☐ This action is FINAL. ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 213. Disposition f Claims Claim(s) ______ is/are pending in the application. Of the above claim(s) ______ is/are withdrawn from consideration. □ Claim(s) ______is/are allowed. Z(Claim(s) /-15 _____ is/are rejected. □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. ☐ Claim(s)———————— are subject to restriction or election requirement. Applicati n Papers ☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948. ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on _______ is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on______ is/are objected to by the Examiner. ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11 9(a)-(d). X All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been ☐ received. ☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)_ received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 1 7.2(a)). *Certified copies not received:________________ Attachment(s)

Office Action Summary

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 9-97)

Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892

☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s). _____

☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948

Part of Paper No.

☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413

☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152

☐ Other_____

Art Unit: 1714

DETAILED ACTION

Applicants are required to amend page 1, line 1 after the title of the instant application to incorporate the PCT continuity data

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1 (and its dependent claims), claim 13 (and its dependent claim 14) and claim 15 are indefinite for "containing substances", "critical fluid medium", "alcohol input; "water input", "alcohol and "final products" catalyst". Claim 2 is further indefinite for "short chain alkyl group". Claims 4, 6 and 7 are indefinite are indefinite for "liquid catalyst", 'acid liquid catalyst" and "base liquid catalyst". Claims 5 and 8 are indefinite for "solid catalyst" and "inorganic oxide".

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CAR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson et al 5,520,708, combined with Stern et al, 4,695,411 or Bradin 5,578,090 in view of JP 09,156,684A Abstract and JP63,112,536A.

Johnson et al teach and disclose processes for producing alkyl esters by reacting glyceride or free fatty acid containing substance with an alcohol or water int the presence of a catalyst and the separation of said ester from said glycerol, note column 3, line 15 to column 4, lines 1-4 and Examples 1, 2 and 5. Bradin teachings are incorporated in Johnson et al '708 and provide teachings for transsterification with ba 5 of the lote columns 2-6 and Examples 1-12.

Bradin teaches and discloses c / known methods for preparing fatty acid alkyl esters including transesterifying triglycerides with alcohols in the presences of an acid or base catalyst, note column 3, lines 22 to column 4, lines 1-19.

Applicants claimed process differs from that of the prior art in that the instant claimed process also comprises a critical fluid, and a step for recycling said fluid for re-use in said process.

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It is the Examiner's position that the inclusion of a critical fluid in the process of the primary reference would be obvious in view of JP'684 and '536 Abstracts with teachings for purification of fatty acids and fatty acid esters separation by using critical fluid solvents e.g. CO₂, flone, methane, ethane, low alcohol and C₅₋₆ saturated hydrocarbons. Claim 14 recycle step is a conventional process step that does not make a conventional process obvious because recycle steps are conventional used to reduce costs and to prevent or to avoid waste disposal steps and costs. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add the critical fluids of the secondary references and to include a conventional recycle step for the critical fluids in the primary reference to aid in the purification of the transsterification esters and the glycerol separation step and to reduce cost and avoid waste disposal of the recycle critical fluids.

The references cited but not applied further teach alkyl esters production processes of the same nature as claimed by Applicants.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Margaret B. Medley at telephone number (703) 308-2518.

Medley/dh

February 2, 2001

MARGARET MEDLEY
PRIMARY EXAMINED